	Case 2:15-cv-09311-FMO-PJW Document 6 F	iled 12/07/2	15 Page 1 o FILED ge ID #:23 CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT
1			DEC 7, 2015
2			CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
9	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
10)		CV 15-9311-FMO (PJWx)
11	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ORDER DENYING DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO PROCEED IN FORMA PAUPERIS AND	
12	v.) REMANDING CASE TO SUPERIOR COURT)		
13	BILLY SO, DOES 1 TO 10,		
14	Defendants.)		
15			
16	Before the Court is Defendant Billy So's motion to proceed in		
17	forma pauperis ("IFP"). For the following reasons, the motion is		
18	DENIED and the action is remanded to the Los Angeles County Superior		
19	Court.		
20	On December 2, 2015, Defendant, proceeding pro se, lodged a		
21	Notice of Removal, accompanied by a request to proceed IFP, seeking to		
22	remove this unlawful detainer action from state court. The Court has		
23	denied the IFP application under separate cover. To prevent the		
24	action from remaining in jurisdictional limbo, however, the Court also		
25	issues this Order, remanding the case back to the Superior Court.		
2627	Simply stated, because Plaintiff could not have brought this action in federal court in the first place, there is no basis to		
28	remove it. To the extent that Defendant is seeking to federalize the		
⊿ 0	remove it. To the extent that Dele	nuant 15	seeving to rederatize tile

case by raising federal claims in his defense, he cannot do so. The Court considers only the claims raised in the Complaint to determine whether there is federal jurisdiction and does not take into account any federal defenses or counterclaims Defendant raised (or could have raised). Phillips Petroleum Co. v. Texaco, Inc., 415 U.S. 125, 127 (1974) (explaining federal questions must be disclosed on the face of the complaint as a defendant's reply is not a basis for federal jurisdiction); Moore-Thomas v. Alaska Airlines, Inc., 553 F.3d 1241, 1244 (9th Cir. 2009) (explaining federal law defense does not create federal jurisdiction if the complaint on its face does not present federal question).

Plaintiff's unlawful detainer action does not raise a federal question. See 28 U.S.C. § 1331. Additionally, the amount in controversy is less than \$10,000 and, according to Defendant, Plaintiff and Defendant are California residents. See Civil Cover Sheet at 1. Thus, there is no diversity jurisdiction. See 28 U.S.C. § 1332. For these reasons, the case is subject to remand. 28 U.S.C. § 1441(a); Exxon Mobil Corp v. Allapattah Svcs., Inc., 545 U.S. 546, 563 (2005).

Accordingly, IT IS ORDERED that: (1) this matter is REMANDED to the Superior Court of California, Los Angeles County, 111 N. Hill Street, Los Angeles, California, 90012, (2) the clerk shall send a

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certified copy of this Order to the Superior Court and serve copies on the parties. IT IS SO ORDERED. DATED: December 7, 2015 FERNANDO M. OLGUIN UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE Presented by: rich J. Walsh PATRICK J. WALSH UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE $\verb|C:\Users\Vdelrio\AppData\Local\Temp\notesC7A056\IFP. denial.removal.unlawful detainer Phillip Shin value of the property o$ Billy So.wpd